

## Claims

- 1           1.     An apparatus, comprising:  
2           a plurality of flow controllable queues containing data to be transmitted, wherein the flow  
3     controllable queues are organized by flow;  
4           a plurality of destinations to receive data from the plurality of flow controllable queues;  
5           a controller to continually maintain an aggregate count of data ready for transmission to  
6     the destinations and determine next queue to transmit data from based at least partially on the  
7     aggregate counts.
- 1           2.     The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the flow includes at least some subset of  
2     source, destination, protocol, and class of service.
- 1           3.     The apparatus of claim 1, wherein data is ready for transmission if the associated  
2     flow controllable queue is flow controlled.
- 1           4.     The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the count for a particular destination includes  
2     flow controllable queues associated with the particular destination.
- 1           5.     The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the next queue is one of the flow controllable  
2     queues associated with the destination having biggest aggregate count.
- 1           6.     The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the aggregate count is number of bytes.

1           7.       The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the aggregate count for a specific destination is  
2 updated to add data queued when data is added to an associated flow controllable queue.

1           8.       The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the aggregate count for a specific destination is  
2 updated to remove data dequeued when data is removed from an associated flow controllable  
3 queue.

1           9.       The apparatus of claim 3, wherein the aggregate count for a specific destination is  
2 updated to remove data associated with a flow controllable queue if the flow control for the  
3 associated flow controllable queue is deactivated.

1           10.      The apparatus of claim 3, wherein the aggregate count for a specific destination is  
2 updated to add data associated with a flow controllable queue if the flow control for the  
3 associated flow controllable queue is activated.

1           11.      The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the aggregate count for a specific destination is  
2 updated to reflect any changes in associated flow controllable queues.

1           12.      The apparatus of claim 11, wherein the changes include any combination of data  
2 being added, data being removed, or a flow control change.

1           13.     The apparatus of claim 1, wherein said controller updates the aggregate counts  
2 each clock cycle to account for changes made to associated flow controllable queues during that  
3 clock cycle.

1           14.     The apparatus of claim 1, wherein said controller updates the aggregate count for  
2 a specific destination by adding data queued in a first associated flow controllable queue and  
3 subtracting data dequeued from a second associated flow controllable queue if the queuing and  
4 the dequeuing occurred during the same clock cycle.

1           15.     The apparatus of claim 1, wherein said controller updates the aggregate count for  
2 a specific destination by adding data queued in a first associated flow controllable queue, and  
3 adding data contained within a second associated flow controllable queue that became flow  
4 controlled, if the queuing and the flow control activation occurred during the same clock cycle.

1           16.     The apparatus of claim 1, wherein said controller updates the aggregate count for  
2 a specific destination by subtracting data dequeued from a first associated flow controllable  
3 queue, and adding data contained within a second associated flow controllable queue that  
4 became flow controlled, if the dequeuing and the flow control activation occurred during the  
5 same clock cycle.

1           17.     The apparatus of claim 1, wherein said controller updates the aggregate count for  
2 a specific destination by adding data queued in a first associated flow controllable queue,  
3 subtracting data dequeued from a second associated flow controllable queue, and adding data

4 contained within a third associated flow controllable queue that became flow controlled, if the  
5 queuing, the dequeuing, and the flow control activation occurred during the same clock cycle.

1 18. The apparatus of claim 1, wherein said controller updates the aggregate count for  
2 a specific destination by subtracting data contained within an associated flow controllable queue  
3 that had flow control deactivated, if the flow control de-activation was the only event that  
4 occurred during a clock cycle or occurred during the same clock cycle as a queuing to the  
5 associated flow controllable queue, a dequeuing from the associated queue, or both.

1 19. A method, comprising:  
2 creating a plurality of queues based on at least some subset of source, destination,  
3 protocol, and class of service;  
4 storing data received in a first one of the plurality of queues based on the flow of the data;  
5 removing data transmitted from a second one of the plurality of queues;  
6 maintaining a continuous aggregate count of data eligible for transmission to the  
7 destinations;  
8 selecting a next queue to transmit data from based at least in part on the aggregate counts.

1 20. The method of claim 19, wherein the aggregate count for a particular destination  
2 includes queues associated with the particular destination.

1 21. The method of claim 19, wherein said selecting includes selecting one of the  
2 queues associated with the destination having biggest aggregate count as the next queue.

1           22.     The method of claim 19, wherein said maintaining includes totaling number of  
2 bytes eligible for transmission to the destinations.

1           23.     The method of claim 19, wherein said maintaining includes adding data queued to  
2 an associated queue.

1           24.     The method of claim 19, wherein said maintaining includes removing data  
2 dequeued from an associated queue.

1           25.     The method of claim 19, wherein said maintaining includes removing an  
2 associated queue that is deactivated.

1           26.     The method of claim 19, wherein said maintaining includes adding an associated  
2 queue that is activated.

1           27.     The method of claim 19, wherein said maintaining includes updating the count  
2 each clock cycle to reflect any combination of data being added, data being removed, and flow  
3 control change made to associated queues during that clock cycle.

1           28.     A store and forward device comprising:

2 a plurality of Ethernet cards to receive, store, and transmit data, wherein the plurality of  
3 Ethernet cards include a plurality of ingress ports, a plurality of egress ports, and a plurality of  
4 queues;

5 a processor to maintain a continuous aggregate count of amount of data queued for the  
6 egress ports;

7 a backplane to connect the plurality of Ethernet cards together; and

8 a scheduler to determine a next queue to service based at least in part on the aggregate  
9 counts.

1 29. The device of claim 28, wherein said scheduler selects the next queue based on  
2 the egress port having highest aggregate count.

1 30. The device of claim 28, wherein said scheduler selects the next queue per ingress  
2 port based on the associated egress port having highest aggregate count.

1 31. The device of claim 28, wherein said processor maintains the aggregate count by  
2 updating the count each clock cycle to reflect any combination of data being added, data being  
3 removed, and flow control change made to associated queues during that clock cycle.